



Stay-At-Home, Shelter-in-Place, and Essential Business Information by State

States with Stay-at-Home, Shelter-in-Place, and Essential Business orders are listed below and linked to the information regarding their state.

The information contained in this document is provided for informational purposes only. It should not be construed as business, legal, accounting, tax, financial, investment or other advice on any matter and should not be relied upon for such.

The information in this document may not reflect the most current developments as the subject matter is extremely fluid and may change daily. The content and interpretation of the issues addressed herein is subject to revision. Koley Jessen, P.C., L.L.O. disclaims any and all liability with respect to actions taken or not taken based on any or all of the contents of this document to the fullest extent permitted by law. Do not act or refrain from acting upon the information contained in this document without seeking professional or other advice.

This document provides summaries of state government orders and does not include any information on orders of local (i.e. county or city) governments or the federal government. Many local governments may have more restrictive orders than the applicable State order. You should review all orders of local governments, in addition to the current applicable State order and federal orders (if any), as to ensure full compliance with the law.

Contents (Hyperlinked)

Alabama	4
Alaska	5
Arizona	7
California	8
Connecticut	9
Colorado	11
Delaware	12
District of Columbia.....	14
Florida	16
Georgia	17
Hawaii.....	19
Idaho	21
Illinois	23
Indiana.....	26
Kansas	31
Kentucky.....	35
Louisiana	36
Maine	37
Maryland	39
Massachusetts.....	41
Michigan.....	42
Minnesota	44
Mississippi	46
Missouri.....	50
Montana.....	51
Nevada	52
New Hampshire.....	54
New Mexico	55
New Jersey	58

New York60

North Carolina63

North Dakota65

Ohio66

Oklahoma68

Oregon69

Pennsylvania70

Rhode Island71

South Carolina72

Tennessee75

Texas76

Vermont77

Virginia79

Washington82

West Virginia83

Wisconsin85

Alabama

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Order of the State Health Officer Suspending Certain Public Gatherings Due to Risk of Infection by Covid-19

- **Effective Date:** 4/3/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://governor.alabama.gov/assets/2020/04/Final-Statewide-Order-4.3.2020.pdf>

Essential Businesses

For the purposes of this Order, “essential businesses and operations” means and includes (See order for full text of each sector): • Government operations • Health-care providers and caregivers • Infrastructure Operations • Manufacturing facilities • Agricultural operations and farms • Essential retailers • Restaurants and bars (for off-premises consumption of food and drink) • Essential personal services • Media Operations • Education operations • Financial Services • Professional services • Providers of basic necessities to economically disadvantaged populations • Construction and construction-related services • Essential public services • Military or defense operations • Essential services or product providers • Religious entities • Federally designated critical infrastructure • Other state designated essential businesses and operations • Support operations for essential businesses and operations

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov’t Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

No addressed in the order

Alaska

Date Added or Updated: 4/16/2020

Executive Order: Health Mandate 12: Interstate travel - Limiting travel between communities to critical infrastructure or critical personal needs

- **Effective Date:** 8:00 a.m. on 3/28/2020
- **End Date:** 4/21/2020
- **Link to Order:** [Alaska Health Mandates](#)

Essential Businesses

If your business is included in “Alaska’s Essential Services and Critical Infrastructure”, you must submit a travel plan or protocol for maintaining critical infrastructure to akcovidplans@ak-prepared.com. The plan should outline how you will avoid the spread of COVID-19 and not endanger the lives of the communities in which you operate, or others who serve as a part of that infrastructure, or the ability of that critical infrastructure to function.

Categories of Critical Infrastructure (described in more detail in the linked document below) are Healthcare Operations, Essential Infrastructure, Financial Services Sector, First Responders, Essential Governmental Functions, and Essential Business including: Grocery stores, supermarkets, food banks, convenience stores, and other establishments engaged in the retail sale of food, beverages, and other household consumer products (such as cleaning and personal care products). This includes stores that sell groceries and also sell other non-grocery products, and products necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences; 2. Food and agriculture, cultivation, including farming, livestock, fishing and processing; 3. Businesses that provide food, shelter, social services, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals; 4. Newspapers, television, radio, and other media services; 5. Gas stations and auto-supply, auto-repair, bicycle-repair, and related facilities; 6. Hardware stores; 7. Plumbers, electricians, exterminators, and other service providers who provide services that are necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences and critical infrastructure. 8. Businesses providing mailing and shipping services, including post office boxes; 9. Educational institutions facilitating distance learning; 10. Laundromats, dry cleaners, and laundry service providers; 11. Restaurants and other facilities that prepare and serve food, but only for delivery or carry out under the restrictions set forth in COVID-19 Health Mandate 003, issued March 17, 2020; 12. Businesses that supply products needed for people to work from home; 13. Businesses that supply other essential businesses with the

support or supplies necessary to operate; 14. Businesses that transport goods to grocery stores, supermarkets, convenience stores, engaged in the retail sale of food, household consumer products, delivery of fuel, or other services directly to residences or other critical industries outlined in this health mandate. 15. Airlines, railroads, taxis, and other private transportation providers providing transportation services; 16. Home-based care for seniors, adults, or children; 17. Residential facilities and shelters for seniors, adults, and children; 18. Professional services, such as legal or accounting services, when necessary to assist in compliance with legally-mandated activities; 19. Childcare facilities, subject to new recommendations for increased hygiene and social distancing. Childcare facilities should be used only by those who need childcare to work at a critical job. 20. All other businesses that can maintain Social Distancing Requirements (defined below) and prohibit congregations of no more than 10 people in the business at a time (including employees).

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
[Alaska Critical Infrastructure List](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

A violation of a State COVID-19 Mandate may subject a business or organization to an order to cease operations and/or a civil fine of up to \$1,000 per violation. In addition to the potential civil fines noted above, a person or organization that fails to follow the State COVID-19 Mandates designed to protect the public health from this dangerous virus and its impact may, under certain circumstances, also be criminally prosecuted for Reckless Endangerment pursuant to Alaska Statute 11.41.250. Reckless endangerment is defined as follows: i. A person commits the crime of reckless endangerment if the person recklessly engages in conduct which creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury to another person. ii. Reckless endangerment is a class A misdemeanor. Pursuant to Alaska Statute 12.55.135, a defendant convicted of a class A misdemeanor may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than one year. Additionally, under Alaska Statute 12.55.035, a person may be fined up to \$25,000 for a class A misdemeanor, and a business organization may be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding the greatest of \$2,500,000 for a misdemeanor offense that results in death, or \$500,000 for a class A misdemeanor offense that does not result in death.

Arizona

Date Added or Updated: 3/31/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 2020-18

- **Effective Date:** 3/31/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** https://azgovernor.gov/sites/default/files/eo_2020-18_stay_home_stay_healthy_stay_connected_1.0.pdf

Essential Businesses

Essential Functions include businesses in the following categories (see text of order for full description of each category): • Healthcare and public health operations • Human Services Operations • Essential Infrastructure Operations • Essential Governmental Functions • Stores that sell groceries and medicine • Food, beverage and agriculture • Outdoor recreation activities • Organizations that provide charitable and social services • Media • Gas stations and businesses needed for transportation • Financial institutions • Hardware and supply stores • Critical trades • Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery, and pick-up services • Educational institutions • Laundry services • Restaurants for off-premises consumption • Supplies to work from home • Supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations • Transportation • Home Based Care and Services • Residential facilities and shelters • Professional and personal services • Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries • Hotels and motels • Funeral Services • See www.AZgovernor.gov for updates to list

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** https://azgovernor.gov/sites/default/files/eo_2021.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not addressed in the order

California

Date Added or Updated: 3/22/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order N-33-20

- **Effective Date:** 3/19/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.gov.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/3.19.20-attested-EO-N-33-20-COVID-19-HEALTH-ORDER.pdf>

Essential Businesses

All residents immediately to heed current State public health directives to stay home, except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors and additional sectors as the State Public Health Officer may designate as critical to protect health and well-being of all Californians. See the link below identifying California Critical Infrastructure.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://covid19.ca.gov/img/EssentialCriticalInfrastructureWorkers.pdf>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

California Government Code Section 8665: Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter or who refuses or willfully neglects to obey any lawful order or regulation promulgated or issued as provided in this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punishable by a fine of not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment for not to exceed six months or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Connecticut

Date Added or Updated: 4/16/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. 7H and 7J

- **Effective Date:** 3/23/2020
- **End Date:** 5/20/2020 as extended by Executive Order No. 7X
- **Link to Order:** <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/Office-of-the-Governor/Executive-Orders/Lamont-Executive-Orders/Executive-Order-No-7H.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Those businesses shall include, but not be limited to, the 16 critical infrastructure sectors as defined by the Department of Homeland Security and available at <https://www.cisa.gov/critical-infrastructure-sectors>, essential health care operations including hospitals, clinics, dentists, pharmacies, elder care and home health care workers, companies and institutions involved in the research and development, manufacture, distribution, warehousing, and supplying of pharmaceuticals, biotechnology therapies, health care data, consumer health products, medical devices, diagnostics, equipment, services and any other healthcare related supplies or services; essential infrastructure, including utilities, wastewater and drinking water, telecommunications, airports and transportation infrastructure; manufacturing, including food processing, pharmaceuticals, and industries supplying the essential services required to meet national security commitments to the federal government and U.S. Military; the defense industrial base, including aerospace, mechanical and software engineers, manufacturing/production workers, aircraft and weapon system mechanics and maintainers; essential retail, including grocery stores and big-box stores or wholesale clubs, provided they also sell groceries; pharmacies, gas stations and convenience stores; food and beverage retailers (including liquor/package stores and manufacturer permittees) and restaurants, provided they comply with previous and future executive orders issued during the existing declared public health and civil preparedness emergency; essential services including trash and recycling collection, hauling, and processing, mail and shipping services; news media; legal and accounting services; banks, insurance companies, check cashing services, and other financial institutions; providers of basic necessities to economically disadvantaged populations; construction; vendors of essential services and goods necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation and essential operations of residences or other essential businesses, including pest control and landscaping services; vendors that provide essential services or products, including logistics and technology support, child care and services needed to ensure the continuing operation of government agencies and the provision of goods, services or functions necessary for the health, safety and welfare of the public.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://portal.ct.gov/DECD/Content/Coronavirus-Business-Recovery/Business-Exemptions-for-Coronavirus>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

Any other business may be deemed essential after requesting an opinion from DECD, which shall review and grant such request, should it determine that it is in the best interest of the state to have the workforce continue at full capacity to properly respond to this emergency.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not addressed in the order

Colorado

Date Added or Updated: 4/16/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order D 2020 017

- **Effective Date:** 3/26/2020
- **End Date:** 4/26/2020 As amended by Executive Order D 2020 024
- **Link to Order:** <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1O1EDCY6-A6QBKxzDImCSF8bBBdOOI3Km/view>

Essential Businesses

All Colorado employers are ordered to implement tele-work or other work from home capabilities to the greatest extent possible. Businesses may continue operations so long as at least half their employees and contractors perform work activities at their own residences (i.e., work from home). Critical Business and Critical Public Functions are exempt from order. All Colorado employers are ordered to implement tele-work or other work.

“Critical Business” includes businesses in the following Sectors (see Amended Public Health Order 20-24 linked below for full descriptions)

• Healthcare Operations • Critical Infrastructure • Critical Manufacturing • Critical Retail • Critical Services • News Media • Financial Institutions • Providers of Basic Necessities to Economically Disadvantaged Populations • Construction • Defense • Critical Services Necessary to Maintain the Safety, Sanitation and Critical Operations of Residences or other Critical Businesses • Vendors that Provide Critical Services or Products, Including Logistics and Technology Support, Child Care and Services • Critical Government Functions

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** [Public Health Order 20-24](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This order will be enforced to the greatest extent possible by all legal means. Failure to comply with this order is subject to the penalties contained in sections 25-1-114, C.R.S. including a fine of up to one thousand (1,000) dollars and imprisonment in the county jail for up to one year.

Delaware

Date Added or Updated: 3/24/2020

Executive Order: Fourth Modification of the Declaration of a State Emergency

- **Effective Date:** 3/24/2020
- **End Date:** 5/15/2020
- **Link to Order:** [*4th Modification: Stay At Home Order*](#)

Essential Businesses

These are the overarching industries, with more specific language in Order #4.

1. HEALTHCARE / PUBLIC HEALTH
2. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PUBLIC SAFETY, FIRST RESPONDERS
3. FOOD AND AGRICULTURE
4. ENERGY/ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY/ PETROLEUM INDUSTRY/NATURAL AND PROPANE GAS INDUSTRY
5. WATER AND WASTEWATER
6. TRANSPORTATION AND LOGISTICS
7. PUBLIC WORKS
8. COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY: 1. COMMUNICATIONS
9. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
10. OTHER COMMUNITY-BASED GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS AND ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS
11. MANUFACTURING
12. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
13. FINANCIAL SERVICES AND INSURANCE
14. CHEMICAL

15. DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE

16. CONSTRUCTION

17. NECESSARY PRODUCTS RETAILERS

18. NECESSARY RETAIL AND SERVICES ESTABLISHMENTS

19. OPEN AIR RECREATION FACILITIES

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

<https://governor.delaware.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/24/2020/03/Fourth-Modification-to-State-of-Emergency-03222020.pdf>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

Division of Small Business has discretion to make additions, amendments, clarifications, exceptions and exclusions to the list of essential and non-essential businesses, and should consider information from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency's Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce: Ensuring Community and National Resilience in COVID-19 Response.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Any failure to comply with the provisions contained in a Declaration of a State of Emergency or any modification to a Declaration of the State of Emergency constitutes a criminal offense. 20 Del. C. §§ 3115 (b); 3116 (9); 3122; 3125. State and local law enforcement agencies are authorized to enforce the provisions of any Declaration of a State of Emergency.

District of Columbia

Date Added or Updated: 3/31/2020

Executive Order: Mayor's Order 2020-054

- **Effective Date:** 4/1/2020
- **End Date:** 4/24/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://coronavirus.dc.gov/stayhome>

Essential Businesses

Essential Functions include businesses in the following categories (see text of order for full description of each category): • Healthcare and Public Health Operations • Essential Infrastructure • Food and Household Products and Services • Social Services Providing the Necessities of Life • Communication and Information Technology • Energy and Automotive • Financial Services • Educational Institutions • Transportation and Logistics • Construction and Building Trades • Housing and Living Facilities • Professional Services • Childcare facilities • Essential Government Functions

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://coronavirus.dc.gov/release/mayor-bowser-orders-closure-non-essential-businesses>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Any individual or entity that knowingly violates this Order shall be subject to all civil, criminal, and administrative penalties authorized by law, including sanctions or penalties for violating D.C. Official Code § 7-2307, including \$1,000 fines, summary suspension or revocation of business licensure. Any individual who willfully violates this Order may be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, subject to a fine not exceeding \$5,000, imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or both. An officer or employee of the District of Columbia government that violates this Order or any related personnel issuance shall be subject to appropriate administrative discipline, including, when circumstances warrant, suspension from duty without pay or removal from office. The DCRA may impose penalties including summary closure of businesses, subject to subsequent hearings at the Office of Administrative Hearings; Notices of Infractions and Orders to Show Cause why a Business Should not be Closed; Notices of Infractions and Penalties of up to \$1,000 per day for

violations per site operating in violation of this Order or Mayor's Order 2020-053; and penalties of up to \$5,000 per day per site for operation after an Order to close, or a visit by an inspector that resulted in a warning or a request to close, that was immediately complied with.

Florida

Date Added or Updated: 4/1/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order Number 20-91

- **Effective Date:** 4/3/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** [*Florida Stay-At-Home Order*](#)

Essential Businesses

"Essential Services" means and encompasses the list detailed by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security in its [*Guidance*](#) on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce, v. 2.

"Essential Services" also include those businesses and activities designated by Executive Order 20-89 (link below) and its attachment which consists of a list propounded by Miami-Dade County in multiple orders.

The List of supplemental Florida essential services in addition to the CISA List, can be found here: https://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/orders/2020/EO_20-89.pdf

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/orders/2020/EO_20-91.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance: N/A

Georgia

Date Added or Updated: 4/16/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 04.02.20.01

- **Effective Date:** 4/3/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 as extended by Executive Order 04.08.20.02
- **Link to Order:** <https://gov.georgia.gov/document/2020-executive-order/04022001/download>

Essential Businesses

Critical Infrastructure may continue to operate. Critical Infrastructure shall refer to “businesses, establishments, corporations, non-profit corporations, and organizations as defined by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security as "essential critical infrastructure workforce," in [guidance](#) dated March 19, 2020, and revised on March 28, 2020, and those suppliers which provide essential goods and services to the critical infrastructure workforce as well as entities that provide legal services, home hospice, and non-profit corporations or non-profit organizations that offer food distribution or other health or mental health services.”

The following businesses may not operate: • Bars • Nightclubs • Gyms • Fitness centers • Bowling alleys • Theaters • Live performance venues • Operators of amusement parks • Dine in-services at restaurants and private social clubs o Exceptions: Take-out; curbside pick-up; delivery; and dine-in services at hospitals, healthcare facilities, nursing homes, or other long-term care facilities • Estheticians (e.g., waxing, threading, eyelash extensions, cosmetic treatments) • Hair designers • Body art studios (commonly known as tattoo parlors) • Beauty shops and salons (including home beauty shops and salons) • Barber shops (including home barber shops) • Cosmetology schools • Hair design schools • Barbering schools • Esthetics schools • Nail care schools • Licensed massage therapists

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**



Statewide Shelter In
Place Handout (1).pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Georgia Department of Economic Development is authorized to issue guidance to any business, corporation, organization or industry trade group regarding its status as Critical Infrastructure. This guidance shall not require a finding of fact, but shall be in writing and shall be considered final agency action for the purpose of proceedings under Code Section 50-13-19

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Executive Order 04.03.20.01 authorizes the Sheriffs in Georgia to enforce the closure of businesses, establishments, corporations, nonprofits and organizations in accordance with Executive Order 04.02.20.01

Hawaii

Date Added or Updated: 4/16/2020

Executive Order: Office of the Governor, State of Hawaii, Third Supplementary Proclamation

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 as extended by Fourth Supplementary Proclamation
- **Link to Order:** [*Third Supplementary Proclamation*](#)

Essential Businesses

Overarching Industries with specific language in the Order

1. Federal critical infrastructure sectors set forth in the [CISA memo](#)
2. Healthcare services and facilities
3. Stores that sell groceries and medicine
4. Food, Beverage, cannabis production, and agriculture
5. Educational Institutions
6. Organizations that provide charitable and social services
7. Media
8. Gas Stations and businesses needed for transportation
9. Financial Institutions
10. Hardware and Supply stores
11. Critical Trades
12. Mail, Post, shipping, logistics, delivery, and pick-up services
13. Laundry services
14. Restaurants for consumption off-premises
15. Supplies to work from home.

16. Supplies for essential businesses and operations
17. Transportation
18. Home-based care and services
19. Residential facilities and shelters
20. Professional services
21. Child care services for employees exempted by this Order
22. Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries
23. Critical labor union functions
24. Hotels and motels
25. Funeral services
26. Government functions

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** https://hawaiicovid19.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/2003162-ATG_Third-Supplementary-Proclamation-for-COVID-19-signed-12.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes; but Hawaii adds a long list of additional businesses to definition of essential.

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Any person who intentionally or knowingly violates any provision set forth in this Order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the person shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

Idaho

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Idaho Department of Health and Welfare Order of the Director Order to Self-Isolate

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/3030
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/127/2020/04/amended-statewide-stay-home-order_041520.pdf

Essential Businesses

For the purposes of this Order, “Essential Businesses” means:

- Healthcare Operations and Essential Infrastructure; • Grocery stores, certified farmers’ markets, farm and produce stands, supermarkets, food banks, convenience stores, and other establishments engaged in the retail sale of canned food, dry goods, fresh fruits and vegetables, pet supply, fresh meats, fish, and poultry, liquor, beer, and wine and any other household consumer products (such as cleaning and personal care products). This includes stores that sell groceries and also sell other non-grocery products, and products necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences; • Food cultivation and production, including farming, livestock, fishing, and food processing; • Businesses that provide food, shelter, and social services, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals; • Newspapers, television, radio, and other media services; • Gas stations and auto-supply, auto-repair, and related facilities; • Banks, credit unions, and financial institutions, including processing and maintaining systems for processing financial transactions and services (e.g., payment clearing, and settlement; wholesale funding; insurance services; and capital markets activities); • Hardware stores and firearms businesses as provided for in Idaho Code section 46-601(3); • Plumbers, electricians, exterminators, landscapers, and other service providers who provide services that are necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences, Essential Activities, and Essential Businesses; • Businesses providing mailing and shipping services, including post office boxes; • Educational institutions-including public and private K-12 schools, colleges, and universities-for purposes of facilitating distance learning or performing essential functions, provided that social distancing of six-feet per person is maintained to the greatest extent possible; • Laundromats, dry cleaners, and laundry service providers; • Restaurants and other facilities that prepare and serve food, but

only for delivery or carry out. Schools and other entities that typically provide free food services to students or members of the public may continue to do so under this Order on the condition that the food is provided to students or members of the public on a pick-up and takeaway basis only. Schools and other entities that provide food services under this exemption shall not permit the food to be eaten at the site where it is provided, or at any other gathering site; • Hotels, motels, shared rental units, and similar facilities for purposes of housing, or to quarantine, those individuals exempted under Section 8. • Businesses that supply products needed for people to work from home; • Businesses that supply other Essential Businesses or Essential Government Functions with the support or supplies necessary to operate; • Businesses that ship or deliver groceries, food, goods or services directly to residences; • Airlines, taxis, and other private transportation providers providing transportation services necessary for Essential Activities and other purposes expressly authorized in this Order; • Home-based care for seniors, adults, or children; • Residential facilities and shelters for seniors, adults, and children; xxi. Essential tribal operations; • All operations at or related to the Idaho National Laboratory or needed to support or provide supplies to the Idaho National Laboratory; • Professional services, such as legal or accounting services, when necessary to assist in compliance with legally mandated activities ; • Childcare facilities providing services that enable employees exempted in this Order to work as permitted. To the extent possible, childcare facilities must operate under the following condition: childcare must be carried out in as small and stable groups as possible. • As explained in Section 8.k., this Order incorporates by reference CISA Guidance issued by the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency of the United States Homeland Security on March 19, 2020.

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/127/2020/03/IdahoEssentialServices_updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

The order states that the Sheriff and Chiefs of Police in the State of Idaho and the Idaho State Police ensure compliance with and enforce this order.

[FAQ – Frequently Asked Questions](#)

Illinois

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 2020-10

- **Effective Date:** 3/21/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 (Extended by Executive Order 2020-18)
- **Link to Order:** <https://www2.illinois.gov/Pages/Executive-Orders/ExecutiveOrder2020-10.aspx>

Essential Businesses

Essential Businesses and Operations:

- Healthcare and Public Health Operations: Working at or obtaining services from hospitals; clinics; dental offices; pharmacies; public health entities; healthcare manufacturers and suppliers; blood banks; medical cannabis facilities; reproductive health care providers; eye care centers; home healthcare services providers; mental health and substance use providers; ancillary healthcare services — including veterinary care and excluding fitness and exercise gyms, spas, salons, barber shops, tattoo parlors, and similar facilities
- Human Services Operations: any provider funded by DHS, DCFS or Medicaid; long-term care facilities; home-based and residential settings for adults, seniors, children, and/or people with disabilities or mental illness; transitional facilities; field offices for food, cash assistance, medical coverage, child care, vocational services or rehabilitation services; developmental centers; adoption agencies; businesses that provide food, shelter, and social services and other necessities of life for needy individuals — excluding day care centers, day care homes, group day care homes and day care centers licensed as specified in Section 12(s) of the order
- Essential Infrastructure: Working in food production, distribution and sale; construction; building management and maintenance; airport operations; operation and maintenance of utilities, including water, sewer, and gas; electrical; distribution centers; oil and biofuel refining; roads, highways, railroads, and public transportation; ports; cybersecurity operations; flood control; solid waste and recycling collection and removal; and internet, video, and telecommunications systems
- Stores that sell groceries and medicine

- Food, beverage and cannabis production and agriculture
- Organizations that provide charitable and social services
- Media
- Gas stations and businesses needed for transportation
- Financial institutions
- Hardware and supply stores
- Critical trades, including plumbers, electricians, exterminators, cleaning and janitorial staff for commercial and governmental properties, security staff, operating engineers, HVAC, painting, moving and relocation services, and other service providers that maintain the safety, sanitation and essential operation of residences, Essential Activities, and Essential Businesses and Operations
- Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery and pick-up services
- Educational institutions, for purposes of facilitating distance learning, performing critical research, or performing essential functions
- Laundry services
- Restaurants for consumption off-premises
- Supplies to work from home
- Supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations
- Transportation, for purposes of Essential Travel
- Home-based care and services
- Residential facilities and shelters
- Professional services
- Day care centers for employees exempted by this Executive Order
- Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries
- Critical labor union functions
- Hotels and motels, to the extent used for lodging and delivery or carry-out food services

- Funeral services

All non-essential business and operations must cease, aside from Minimum Basic Operations. Business can continue with employees working from home. Minimum Basic Operations includes the minimum necessary activities to maintain the value of inventory, preserve plant and equipment condition, ensure security, process payroll and employee benefits and facilitate employees working remotely.

Further Description of Essential Businesses: The footnote to Paragraph 12, the Executive Order states that the Executive Order includes all workers identified in the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Memorandum on Identification of Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers as Essential Businesses and Operations in Illinois.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This Executive Order may be enforced by State and local law enforcement pursuant to, inter alia, Section 7, Section 18, and Section 19 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, 20 ILCS 3305.

Indiana

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 20-08

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 5/5/2020 as extended by Executive Order 20-17
- **Link to Order:** https://www.in.gov/gov/files/Executive_Order_20-08_Stay_at_Home.pdf

Essential Businesses

For the purposes of this Executive Order, the phrase “Essential Businesses and Operations” means Healthcare and Public Health Operations, Human Services Operations, Essential Governmental Functions, and Essential Infrastructure, as well as the following:

a. [CISA List](#)

b. Stores That Sell Groceries and Medicine

Grocery stores, pharmacies, certified farmer’s markets, farm and produce stands, supermarkets, convenience stores, and other establishments engaged in the retail sale of groceries, canned food, dry goods, frozen foods, fresh fruits and vegetables, pet supplies, fresh meats, fish, and poultry, prepared food, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, any other household consumer products (such as cleaning and personal care products), and specifically includes their supply chain and administrative support operations. This includes stores that sell groceries, medicine (including medication not requiring a medical prescription), and also that sell other non-grocery products, and products necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences and Essential Businesses and Operations.

c. Food, Beverage, and Agriculture

Food and beverage manufacturing, production, processing, cultivation, including farming, livestock, fishing, baking, and other production agriculture, including cultivation, marketing, production, and distribution of animals and goods for consumption; and businesses that provide food, shelter, and other necessities of life for animals, including animal shelters, rescues, shelters, kennels, and adoption facilities.

d. Organizations That Provide Charitable and Social Services

Businesses and religious and secular non-profit organizations, including food banks, when providing food, shelter, and social services, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals, individuals who need assistance as a result of this emergency, and people with disabilities.

e. Religious Entities Religious facilities, entities and groups, and religious gatherings, provided they adhere to the CDC's guidance on social gatherings.

f. Media Newspapers, television, radio, and other media services.

g. Gas Stations and Businesses Needed for Transportation

Gas stations and auto supply, auto-repair, farm equipment, construction equipment, boat repair, and related facilities, and bicycle shops and related facilities.

h. Financial and Insurance Institutions

Banks, currency exchanges, consumer lenders, including, but not limited to, credit unions, pawnbrokers, consumer installment lenders and sales finance lenders, title companies, appraisers, financial markets, trading and futures exchanges, payday lenders, affiliates of financial institutions, entities that issue bonds, related financial institutions, and institutions selling financial products. Also, insurance companies, underwriters, agents, brokers, and related insurance claims and agency services.

i. Hardware and Supply Stores Hardware stores and businesses that sell electrical, plumbing, and heating material.

j. Critical Trades Building, construction, and other trades, including, but not limited to, plumbers, electricians, exterminators, operating engineers, cleaning and janitorial staff for commercial and governmental properties, security staff, HVAC, painting, moving and relocation services, and other service providers who provide services that are necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences, Essential Activities, and **Essential Businesses and Operations**.

k. Mail, Post, Shipping, Logistics, Delivery, and Pick-Up Services Post offices and other businesses that provide shipping and delivery services, as well as businesses that ship or deliver groceries, food, goods, vehicles, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, or services to end users or through commercial channels.

l. Educational Institutions Educational institutions (including public and private pre-K-12 schools, colleges, and universities) for purposes of facilitating distance learning, performing critical research, or performing essential functions,

provided that social distancing of six-feet per person is maintained to the greatest extent possible.

- m. Laundry Services** Laundromats, dry cleaners, industrial laundry services, as well as laundry service providers.
- n. Restaurants for Consumption Off-Premises** Restaurants, bars, taverns, and other facilities that prepare and serve food, but only for consumption off-premises, through such means as in-house delivery, third-party delivery, drive-through, curbside pick-up, and carryout. The foregoing is addressed in Executive Orders 20-04 and 20-10. The in-person dining prohibition shall be enforced under and pursuant to the process described in Executive Order 20-10.

Schools and other entities that typically provide food services to students or members of the public may continue to do so under this Executive Order on the condition that the food is provided to students or members of the public on a pick-up and takeaway basis only. Schools and other entities that provide food services under this exemption shall not permit the food to be eaten at the site where it is provided, or at any other gathering site due to the virus's propensity to physically impact surfaces and personal property. This Executive Order is consistent with, and does not amend or supersede, prior Executive Orders regarding the closure of restaurants.

- o. Supplies to Work from Home** Businesses that sell, manufacture, or supply products needed for people to work from home.
- p. Supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations** Businesses that sell, manufacture, and/or supply other Essential Businesses and Operations with the support or materials necessary to operate, including computers, audio and video electronics, household appliances; IT and telecommunication equipment; hardware, paint, flat glass; electrical, plumbing and heating material; sanitary equipment; personal hygiene products; food, food additives, ingredients and components; medical and orthopedic equipment; optics and photography equipment; diagnostics, food and beverages, chemicals, soaps and detergent; and firearm and ammunition suppliers and retailers for purposes of safety and security.
- q. Transportation** Airlines, taxis, transportation network providers (such as Uber and Lyft), vehicle rental services, paratransit, marinas, docks, boat storage, and other private, public, and commercial transportation and logistics providers necessary for the Essential Activities and other purposes expressly authorized in this Executive Order.
- r. Home-Based Care and Services** Home-based care for adults, seniors, children, and/or people with developmental disabilities, intellectual disabilities, substance

use disorders, and/or mental illness, including caregivers such as nannies who may travel to the child's home to provide care, and other in-home services including meal delivery.

s. Residential Facilities and Shelters

Residential facilities and shelters for adults, seniors, children, pets, and/or people with developmental disabilities, intellectual disabilities, substance use disorders, or mental illness.

t. Professional Services

Professional services, such as legal services, accounting services, insurance services, and real estate services (including appraisal and title services).

u. Manufacture, Distribution, and Supply Chain for Critical Products and Industries

Manufacturing companies, distributors, and supply chain companies producing and supplying essential products and services in and for industries, such as healthcare, pharmaceutical, technology, biotechnology, chemicals and sanitization, agriculture, waste pickup and disposal, food and beverage, transportation, energy, steel and steel products, petroleum, fuel, mining, construction, national defense, communications, and products used by other Essential Businesses and Operations.

v. Critical Labor Union Functions

Labor union essential activities, including the administration of health and welfare funds and personnel checking on the well-being and safety of members providing services in Essential Businesses and Operations, provided that these checks should be done by telephone or remotely where possible.

w. Hotels and Motels Hotels and motels, to the extent they are used for lodging and delivery or carryout food services.

x. Funeral Services Funeral, mortuary, cremation, burial, cemetery, and related services.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.in.gov/coronavirus/2496.htm>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Enforced by state and local law enforcement as well as state and local department of health.

Kansas

Date Added or Updated: 3/30/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. 20-16

- **Effective Date:** 3/30/2020
- **End Date:** Earlier of April 19, 2020 or until rescinded
- **Link to Order:** [*Kansas Executive Order No. 20-16*](#)

Essential Businesses

List of Essential Businesses

1. CONNECT

- a. Operate Core Information Technology Networks
- b. Provide Cable Access Network Services
- c. Provide Internet Based Content Information and Communication Services
- d. Provide Internet Routing, Access, and Connection Services
 - i. Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency
- e. Provide Positioning, Navigation, and Timing Services
- f. Provide Radio Broadcast Access Network Services (includes Traditional Television)
- g. Provide Satellite Access Network Services
- h. Provide Wireless Access Network Services
 - i. Provide Wireline Access Network Services

2. DISTRIBUTE

- a. Distribute Electricity
- b. Maintain Supply Chains for Essential Functions and Critical Infrastructure (as set forth by DHS – CISA)
- c. Transmit Electricity
- d. Transport Cargo and Passengers by Air
 - i. Manufacture, distribute, sell, or maintain aircraft or aircraft parts
- e. Transport Cargo and Passengers by Rail
 - i. Manufacture, distribute, sell, or maintain trains or train parts
- f. Transport Cargo and Passengers by Road
 - i. Operate or Maintain gas stations and associated convenience stores and restaurants (but only allowed in KEFF 400.6.b)

- ii. Deliver mail, packages, food, groceries, beverages, or other cargo (this applies to transportation by air, rail, or vessel as well)
- iii. Manufacture, Distribute, sell, or maintain automobiles or automobile parts
- iv. Transport farm equipment, supplies, seed, and other personnel to farming operations
- g. Transport Cargo and Passengers by Vessel
 - i. Manufacture, distribute, sell, or maintain cargo or passenger vessels or parts for such vessels
- h. Transport Materials by Pipeline
 - i. Transport Passengers by Mass Transit

3. MANAGE

- a. Conduct elections
- b. Operate media outlets
- c. Develop and maintain public works and support services for essential functions
- d. Educate and train essential functions personnel
- e. Enforce law
- f. Maintain access to medical records
- g. Manage hazardous materials and waste
- h. Manage wastewater
- i. Operate government
 - i. Perform government contracts
 - ii. Operate public and private schools to the extent allowed by other executive orders, including Executive Order 20-07, and under direction of the state board of education, the state department of education, and the Kansas board of regents.
 - iii. Perform the essential operations of state, county and municipal governments
 - iv. Operate state constitutional offices
- j. Perform cyber incident management capabilities
- k. Prepare for and manage emergencies
 - i. Manage or operate planning, cleanup, and other emergency responses, including private entities
- l. Preserve constitutional or legal rights
 - i. Manufacture or sell firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition
 - ii. Perform or attend religious or faith based services or activities
 - iii. Perform legal services
- m. Protect sensitive information
- n. Provide and maintain critical infrastructure
 - i. Construct or repair roads
 - ii. Construct, maintain, or clean buildings
 - iii. Produce or distribute construction materials
 - iv. Maintain specialized manufacturing or industrial equipment

- o. Provide capital markets and investment activities
 - i. Perform accounting services
- p. Provide consumer and commercial banking services
- q. Provide funding and liquidity services
- r. Provide identity management and associated trust support services
- s. Provide insurance services
- t. Provide medical care and services, including mortuary services
 - i. Provide pharmaceutical services
 - ii. Provide funeral or memorial services
- u. Provide payment, clearing and settlement services
- v. Provide public safety
- w. Provide wholesale funding
- x. Store fuel and maintain reserves
- y. Support community health and mental health services
 - i. Operate laundry services

4. SUPPLY

- a. Exploration and extraction of fuels
- b. Fuel refining and processing fuels
 - i. Produce or deliver propane or natural gas
- c. Generate electricity
- d. Manufacture equipment used for essential functions or critical infrastructure (as defined by DHS-CISA)
- e. Produce and provide agricultural products and services
 - i. Manufacture or maintain agricultural equipment
 - ii. Manufacture or distribute agricultural supplies such as seeds and chemicals
 - iii. Raise, process, or distribute poultry, livestock, or other animals for human consumption
 - iv. Prepare, till, plant, maintain, or harvest grains, fruits, or vegetables
- f. Produce and provide human and animal food products and services
 - i. Manufacture or process food or food products
 - ii. Prepare or serve meals for takeout or delivery
 - iii. Sell groceries, including alcoholic beverages (not for on-site consumption)
- g. Produce Chemicals
- h. Provide Metals and Materials
- i. Provide Housing
 - i. Operate or maintain rental property
 - ii. Operate or maintain student housing
 - iii. Operate or maintain long term care or senior living facilities
 - iv. Construct, supply, clean, or maintain single family homes or other housing

- v. Provide real estate services
- vi. Operate or maintain housing shelters or charities
- vii. Operate or maintain animal shelters
- viii. Operate or maintain hotels or motels
- j. Provide information technology products and services
- k. Provide material and operation supports to Defense
- l. Research and development
- m. Supply water

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

[*Kansas Executive Order No. 20-16*](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes; some descriptions reference CISA language

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Email KEFF@ks.gov to determine whether your business is essential

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Local Authorities retain authority to enforce

Kentucky

Date Added or Updated: 3/26/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 2020-257

- **Effective Date:** 3/26/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** https://governor.ky.gov/attachments/20200325_Executive-Order_2020-257_Healthy-at-Home.pdf

Essential Businesses

All businesses that are not life-sustaining shall cease operations, except as needed to conduct Minimum Basic Operations. Life-Sustaining Businesses are defined as (see order for full description of each sector):

- CISA List (linked below) • Life Sustaining Retail • Food, beverage and agriculture
- Organizations that provide charitable and social services • Media • Gas stations and businesses needed for transportation • Financial Services • Housing, building and construction • Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery and pick-up services
- Laundry services • Restaurants for consumption off-premises • Supplies for Life-Sustaining Businesses • Transportation • Home-based care and services
- Professional services • Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries • Critical labor union functions • Hotels and motels • Funeral services

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA_Guidance_on_the_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workforce_Version_2.0_Updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not addressed in the order

Louisiana

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Proclamation Number 33 JBE 2020

- **Effective Date:** 3/23/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 as amended by 41-JBE02020
- **Link to Order:** <https://gov.louisiana.gov/assets/Proclamations/2020/33-JBE-2020-Public-Health-Emergency.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Worker's are permitted to go to and from work to provide goods and services described in Sections A and B of Section 3 of the the Executive Order or to perform an essential function. Guidance as to essential functions is given in [CISA document](#).

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://gov.louisiana.gov/assets/docs/covid/Essential-Infrastructure_fact-sheet.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not stated in Executive Order

Maine

Date Added or Updated: 3/30/2020

Executive Order: Closure of Non-Essential Businesses Executive Order No. 19 FY 19/20

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:**
<https://www.maine.gov/governor/mills/sites/maine.gov/governor.mills/files/inline-files/An%20Order%20Regarding%20Essential%20Businesses%20and%20Operations%200.pdf>

Essential Businesses

All Essential Businesses and Operations shall continue their activities consistent with the guidance on social distancing. Essential Businesses and Operations are those: Identified by the US Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency Memorandum (linked below) of Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers during Covid-19 Response dated March 19, 2020. In addition or for clarity here in Maine, include the following: food processing and agriculture; fishing and aquaculture; industrial manufacturing; construction and maintenance of essential infrastructure; trash collection and transfer stations; grocery and household goods (including convenience stores); forest products; essential home repair, hardware and auto repair; pharmacy and other medical, psychiatric, and long-term care facilities; group homes and residential treatment facilities; biomedical, life science, behavioral health, health care, dental care, and long-term services and supports providers and organizations; child care providers; post offices and shipping outlets; banks and credit unions; gas stations and laundromats; veterinary clinics, animal welfare and animal feed and supply stores; truck delivery and distribution of goods; public transportation; legal, business, professional, environmental permitting and insurance services; hotel and commercial lodging; and all utilities such as electricity, water, wastewater, and telecommunications.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.cisa.gov/publication/guidance-essential-critical-infrastructure-workforce>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This Order may be enforced by any governmental department or official that regulates licenses, permits or any other authorization to operate a business or occupy a building. A violation of this Order may be construed a violation of any such license, permit and other authorization to which pertinent penalties may be assessed. This Order may also pursuant to 37-B M.R.S. Section 786 be enforced by law enforcement if necessary.

Maryland

Date Added or Updated: 3/30/2020

Executive Order: Number 20-03-23-01

- **Effective Date:** 3/30/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** <https://governor.maryland.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Gatherings-FOURTH-AMENDED-3.30.20.pdf>

Essential Businesses

This Order controls the occupancy and use of all businesses, organizations, establishments, and facilities that are not part of the critical infrastructure sectors identified by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (currently described at <https://www.cisa.gov/identifying-critical-infrastructure-during-covid-19>) (collectively, "Non-Essential Businesses"). The order requires closure of certain specific business organizations and facilities:

Senior Centers, Restaurants and Bars (except for takeout and delivery), fitness centers, theaters, malls, and other recreational establishments including: 1. bingo halls; 2. bowling alleys; 3. pool halls; 4. amusement parks; 5. roller and ice skating rinks; 6. all golf courses (public and private), miniature golf establishments, and driving ranges; 7. social and fraternal clubs, including without limitation, American Legion posts, VFW posts, and Elks Clubs; 8. campgrounds; and 9. any other establishment not listed above that is subject to the admission and amusement tax under Title 4 of the Tax-General Article of the Maryland Code. Other Miscellaneous Establishments 1. tattoo parlors; 2. tanning salons; 3. barber shops; and 4. beauty salons and all other establishments that provide esthetic services, provide hair services, or provide nail services (as described in Title 5, Subtitle 2 of the Business Occupations Article of the Maryland Code).

- **Links to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** See Interpretive Guidances from Maryland Office of Legal Counsel at <https://governor.maryland.gov/covid-19-pandemic-orders-and-guidance/>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

A person who willfully violates this order is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceed one year fine not exceed \$5,000 or both.

Massachusetts

Date Added or Updated: 4/5/2020

Executive Order: COVID-19 Order No. 13

- **Effective Date:** 3/24/2020
- **End Date:** 5/4/2020 extended by COVID-19 Order No. 21
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.mass.gov/doc/march-23-2020-essential-services-and-revised-gatherings-order/download>

Essential Businesses

Per the Executive Order, the products and services identified in Exhibit A, linked below, are COVID-19 Essential Services.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** [Exhibit A](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

Requests by businesses to be designated an essential function should only be made if they are NOT covered by the guidance. To request designation as an essential business, please click here: <https://www.mass.gov/forms/essential-service-designation-request>

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Violation of the terms of this Order or the DPH Guidance may result in criminal penalty pursuant to Section 8 of Chapter 639 of the Acts of 1950 or a civil fine up to \$300 per violation, in the manner provided for non-criminal disposition of violations of municipal by-law, ordinance, rule, or regulation pursuant to G.L. c. 40, Section 21D. A criminal complaint for violation of or a motion for an injunction to enforce this Order or the DPH Guidance shall be filed in the district court with jurisdiction for the municipality in which the violation has been charged.

Michigan

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 2020-42

- **Effective Date:** 3/24/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** https://www.michigan.gov/whitmer/0,9309,7-387-90499_90705-525182--,00.html

Essential Businesses

For purposes of this order, critical infrastructure workers are those workers described by the Director of the U.S. Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency in his guidance of March 19, 2020 on the COVID-19 response (available [here](#)). Such workers include some workers in each of the following sectors: Health care and public health; Law enforcement, public safety, and first responders; Food and agriculture; Energy; Water and wastewater; Transportation and logistics; Public works; Communications and information technology, including news media; Other community-based, government operations and essential functions; Critical manufacturing; Hazardous materials; Financial services; Chemical supply chains and safety; Defense industrial base.

For purposes of this order, critical infrastructure workers also include:

- a. Child care workers (including workers at disaster relief child care centers), but only to the extent necessary to serve the children or dependents of critical infrastructure workers as defined in this order. This category includes individuals (whether licensed or not) who have arranged to care for the children or dependents of critical infrastructure workers.
- b. Workers at designated suppliers and distribution centers, as described below.
 1. A business or operation that employs critical infrastructure workers may designate suppliers, distribution centers, or service providers whose continued operation is necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of its critical infrastructure workers.
 2. Such suppliers, distribution centers, or service providers may designate workers as critical infrastructure workers only to the extent those workers are necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of the original operation's or business's critical infrastructure workers.

3. Designated suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers may in turn designate additional suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers whose continued operation is necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of their critical infrastructure workers.
 4. Such additional suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers may designate workers as critical infrastructure workers only to the extent that those workers are necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of the critical infrastructure workers at the supplier, distribution center, or service provider that has designated them.
 5. Businesses, operations, suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers must make all designations in writing to the entities they are designating, whether by electronic message, public website, or other appropriate means. Such designations may be made orally until March 31, 2020 at 11:59 pm.
 6. Businesses, operations, suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers that abuse their designation authority shall be subject to sanctions to the fullest extent of the law.
- c. Workers in the insurance industry, but only to the extent that their work cannot be done by telephone or remotely.
 - d. Workers and volunteers for businesses or operations (including both and religious and secular nonprofit organizations) that provide food, shelter, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals, individuals who need assistance as a result of this emergency, and people with disabilities.
 - e. Workers who perform critical labor union functions, including those who administer health and welfare funds and those who monitor the well-being and safety of union members who are critical infrastructure workers, provided that any administration or monitoring should be done by telephone or remotely where possible.

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA_Guidance_on_the_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workforce_Version_2.0_Updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance: Consistent with MCL 10.33 and MCL 30.405(3), a willful violation of this order is a misdemeanor.

Minnesota

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Emergency Executive Order 20-20

- **Effective Date:** 3/27/2020
- **End Date:** 5/3/2020 as extended by Emergency Executive Order 20-33
- **Link to Order:** https://mn.gov/governor/assets/3a.%20EO%2020-20%20FINAL%20SIGNED%20Filed_tcm1055-425020.pdf

Essential Businesses

Critical Sectors are identified as the following (Please see order for full description of each sector): • Healthcare and public health • Law enforcement, public safety, and first responders • Food and agriculture • Energy • Water and wastewater • Transportation and logistics • Public works • Communication and information technology • Other community-based government operations and essential functions • Critical manufacturing • Financial services • Chemical • Defense industrial base • Tribal Governments • The Judicial Branch • The Executive Branch • Executive Constitutional Offices • The Legislative Branch • Federal Employees • National Guard • Faith Leaders and workers • Education • Construction and critical trade • Child care providers • Hotels, residential facilities and shelters • Shelters for displaced individuals • Charitable and social services organizations • Legal Services • Notaries • Critical Labor Union Functions • Laundry Services • Animal shelters and veterinarians • Real Estate Transactions • Essential Supply Stores

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://mn.gov/deed/newscenter/covid/business-exemptions/>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Have questions about whether your business's workers are eligible for the Critical Sector work exemption after utilizing the resources listed on <https://mn.gov/deed/newscenter/covid/business-exemptions/>? Complete the form found on the above web page, and government will work with agency subject matter experts to review and respond as quickly as possible with a determination.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2019, section 12.45, a person who willfully violates this

Executive Order is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction must be punished by a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days.

Mississippi

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. 1466

- **Effective Date:** 3/24/2020
- **End Date:** 4/27/2020 extended by [*Executive Order 1473*](#)
- **Link to Order:** [*Executive Order No. 1466*](#)

Essential Businesses

"Essential Business or Operation" means:

- Essential Government functions including public safety and first responders, law enforcement, fire prevention and response, courts and court personnel, military, emergency management personnel, corrections, probation and parole, child protection, child welfare, EMTs, 911 call center employees, all workers and vendors that support law enforcement and emergency management operations and services;
- Essential healthcare operations including hospitals/clinics, research and laboratory operations, nursing homes, residential health care facilities, congregate care facilities, assisted living facilities, elder care, medical wholesale and distribution, home health workers and aides, medical supply and equipment manufacturers and providers, medical waste disposal, hazardous waste disposal, other ancillary healthcare services;
- Essential infrastructure including utilities including power generation, nuclear facilities, utility poles and components, fuel and transmission, petroleum producers, suppliers and distributors, supply chain companies, telecommunications, electronic security and life safety services, wireless communication, communications sales and customer support, telecommunication and data centers, cybersecurity operations, flood control, operation of dams, aviation, airports, ports, roads and highways, mass transit, automotive sales and repair, vehicle rental services, taxi and network providers (such as Uber and Lyft), freight and passenger rail, pipelines, transportation infrastructure, public water and waste water, hazardous waste disposal, hotels and commercial lodging services;
- Manufacturing including food processing and production, pharmaceuticals, food additives, medical equipment, medical devices and supplies, technology, biotechnology, chemical products, telecommunications products, automotive production and suppliers, healthcare, energy, steel and steel products, fuel and

petroleum exploration and production, lubricants, greases and engine oils, mining, national defense, sanitary and cleaning products, household products, personal care products, products used by any other Essential Business or Operation;

- Agriculture and farms including food cultivation, livestock, cattle, poultry and seafood operations, livestock auctions, feedlots, dealers and brokers of livestock, livestock transporters, farmer's markets, feed stores, repair of agricultural equipment, gas, diesel and petroleum suppliers, aquaculture, horticulture, chemicals including pesticides, herbicides and fertilizer, producers and distributors, forest products businesses, including those involved in forestry operations, logging, manufacture of lumber and paper products, meat processing facilities, rendering facilities and transporters, feed processing facilities, veterinary services;
- Essential retail including all supermarkets, food and beverage stores, food providers, convenience stores, pharmacies, hardware and building materials, gas stations, restaurants or bars (but only to the extent that (1) not more than 10 people are gathered in such restaurants or bars in a single space at the same time where individuals are in seated or otherwise in close proximity to each other or (2) for curb side pick-up, carryout or delivery);
- Essential services including trash collection, mail and shipping services, home repair, automotive sales and repair, warehouse, distribution and fulfillment centers, laundromats/laundry service;
- Media including newspapers, digital news sites, television, radio and other media services;
- Education including educators supporting public and private K-12 schools, colleges and universities, educational institutions, for purposes of facilitating distance learning, performing critical research or other essential functions including public schools preparing and transporting free and reduced meals to eligible students within their respective districts (this Executive Order is consistent with and does not amend or supersede Executive Order No. 1460 regarding public schools);
- Financial services including banks and related financial institutions, insurance, payroll, accounting, processing financial transactions, services related to financial markets;
- Professional services including legal services, accounting services, insurance services, real estate services (including appraisal and title services);
- Providers of basic necessities to economically disadvantaged populations including businesses, religious and secular non-profit organizations, food banks, foster care, homeless shelters and congregate care facilities;
- Construction and construction related services including building and construction,

lumber, building materials and hardware, electricians, plumbers, exterminators, cleaning and janitorial, HVACR and water heating industry, painting, moving and relocating services, other skilled trades, and other related construction firms and professionals for maintaining essential infrastructure;

- Essential services necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation and essential operations of residences and essential businesses and essential business operations, including law enforcement, fire prevention and response, firearm and ammunition manufacturers and retailers, building code enforcement, security, emergency management and response, building cleaning including disinfection, automotive sales and repair, mortuaries and cemeteries;
 - Defense Industrial Base including employers and personnel who support the essential products and services required to meet national security commitments to the Federal Government and the U. S. Military, including personnel working for companies and their subcontractors, who perform under contract to the Department of Defense providing materials and services to the Department of Defense and government-owned/contractor- operated and government-owned/government-operated facilities.
 - Vendors that provide essential services or products, including logistics and technology support, child care programs and services, medical waste disposal, hazardous waste disposal, services needed to ensure the continuing operation of Essential Business or Operation, operation of government agencies, and to provide for the health, safety and welfare of the public;
 - Religious entities including religious and faith-based facilities, entities and groups, religious gatherings provided that they adhere to the CDC and the Mississippi Department of Health recommendations and guidance to prevent the spread of COVID-19;
 - Categories of workers and related industries identified by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) in its "Memorandum on Identification of Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers During COVID-19 Response" <https://www.cisa.gov/identifying-critical-infrastructure-during-covid-19> as it may be amended,
 - Other categories as may be identified and deemed essential by the Mississippi Department of Health, the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency and/or other appropriate agency of the State of Mississippi
- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.wtva.com/content/news/List-of-essential-businesses-in-Mississippi-569320541.html>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not addressed in the order

Missouri

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services Order April 3, 2020

- **Effective Date:** 4/6/2020
- **End Date:** 4/24/2020
- **Link to Order:**
https://content.govdelivery.com/attachments/MOGOV/2020/04/03/file_attachments/1419322/Stay%20at%20Home%20Missouri%20Order.pdf

Essential Businesses

Any entity that does not employ individuals to perform essential worker functions, as set forth in guidance provided by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce Version 2.0 Updated.pdf (linked below) shall adhere to the limitations on social gatherings and social distancing set forth in sections 4 and 5 of this Order.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA_Guidance_on_the_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workforce_Version_2.0_Updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Entities that do not employ individuals to perform essential worker functions may request a waiver from the limitation on social gatherings, as set forth in section 4 of this Order, from the Director of the Department of Economic Development, on a form prescribed by the Director.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Local public health authorities are hereby directed to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Order by any legal means.

Montana

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: March 26, 3030 Directive Implementing Executive Order 2-2020 and 3-2020

- **Effective Date:** 3/28/2020
- **End Date:** 4/24/2020 as extended by Extension of Directives on 4/7/2020
- **Link to Order:**
<https://covid19.mt.gov/Portals/223/Documents/Stay%20at%20Home%20Directive.pdf?ver=2020-03-26-173332-177>

Essential Businesses

See Directive for full description under each of the following Sectors: Health Care and Public Health Operations • Human Services Operations • Essential Infrastructure • Governmental Functions • Essential Businesses and Operations including the following: Stores that sell groceries and medicine • Food and beverage production and agriculture • Organizations that provide charitable and social services • Media • Gas stations and businesses needed for transportation • Financial and real estate services and institutions • Hardware and supply stores • Critical trades • Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery and pick-up services • Educational institutions • Laundry services • Restaurants for consumption off-premises • Supplies to work from home • Supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations • Transportation • Home-based care and services • Residential facilities and shelters • Professional services • Manufacture, distribute, and supply chains for critical products and industry • Critical labor union functions • Hotels and motels • Funeral services

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA_Guidance_on_the_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workforce_Version_2.0_Updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This Directive, along with any prior Directive that implements and references the public health authorities of the Department of Public Health and Human Services (DPHHS) provided in Title 50, constitutes a “public health . . . order[.]” within the meaning of § 50-1-103(2), MCA, and is enforceable by the Attorney General, DPHHS, a county attorney, or other local authorities under the direction of a county attorney.

Nevada

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Declaration of Emergency - Directive 010

- **Effective Date:** 3/31/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://nvhealthresponse.nv.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Declaration-of-Emergency-Directive-010-Stay-at-Home-3-31-20.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Individual may leave their residences for Essential Healthcare operations, Essential Infrastructure Operations, and Essential Licensed Businesses. I."Essential Licensed Business" means a business operating in the state of Nevada (see full description given in Directive 003 linked below) • Essential healthcare services • Businesses that sell or rent medical supplies • Essential infrastructure operations like construction & manufacturing, agriculture, and utilities • Grocery stores • Retailers that sell food items and other household essentials • Restaurants offering meals via take-out, drive-through, curbside pickup, or delivery • Entities that provide food, shelter, or social services for vulnerable populations • Businesses that ship or deliver goods directly to residences • Licensed cannabis entities (delivery only) • Pet supply stores and animal shelters • Financial institutions • Pawnbrokers • Hardware stores and home improvement centers • Auto supply, auto repair, and tire shops • Laundromats and dry cleaners • Warehouse and storage facilities • Transportation services like taxis and rideshares • Mail and shipping services • Businesses that supply – on a curbside pickup or delivery basis – products necessary for people to work from home, like office supply and electronics stores • Plumbers, electricians, exterminators, home security, and other similar service providers • Professional or technical services • Childcare facilities • Residential facilities and shelters • Media services • Lodging • Gas stations • Propane services.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** <https://nvhealthresponse.nv.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Gov.-Sisolak-Guidance-Directive-003-Essential-Non-Essential-UPDATED.pdf>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Businesses that do not comply with this Directive, after receiving notice from law enforcement, may be subject to criminal prosecution and civil penalties under NRS 202.595, NRS 202.450 and any other applicable statute, ordinance or regulation.

New Hampshire

Date Added or Updated: 3/27/2020

Executive Order: Emergency Order #17 Pursuant to Executive Order 2020-04

- **Effective Date:** 3/27/2020
- **End Date:** 5/4/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.governor.nh.gov/news-media/emergency-orders/documents/emergency-order-17-1.pdf>

Essential Businesses

See full description of each category on Exhibit A to Emergency Order #17 (linked below):
• Law Enforcement, Public Safety, First Responders • Food and Agriculture • Health Care/ Public Health/ Human Services • Energy • Electricity industry • Petroleum workers • Natural and propane gas workers • Steam workers • Waste and wastewater • Transportation and Logistics • Public Works • Communications and Information Technology • Other Community-Based Essential Functions • Manufacturing • Hazardous Materials • Financial Services • Chemical • Defense Industrial Base

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
[Exhibit A to Emergency Order #17](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Requests by businesses to be designated an essential function should only be made if they are NOT covered by the guidance. These requests should be submitted to essential@nheconomy.com and include basic contact information and a brief justification.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

The Division of Public Health and State or local police shall have the authority to enforce this Order

New Mexico

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Public Health Emergency Order Closing All Businesses and Non-profit entities Except for those Deemed Essential and Providing Additional Restrictions on Mass Gathering Due to COVID-19

- **Effective Date:** 3/23/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 extended by Executive Order 2020-022
- **Link to Order:** [New Mexico Closure of Non-Essential Business Order](#)

Essential Businesses

(1) "Essential business" means any business or non-profit entity falling within one or more of the following categories:

- a. Health care operations including hospitals, walk-in-care health facilities, emergency veterinary and livestock services, pharmacies, medical wholesale and distribution, home health care workers or aides for the elderly, emergency dental facilities, nursing homes, residential health care facilities, research facilities, congregate care facilities, intermediate care facilities for those with intellectual or developmental disabilities, supportive living homes, home health care providers, and medical supplies and equipment manufacturers and providers;
- b. Homeless shelters, food banks, and other services providing care to indigent or needy populations;
- c. Childcare facilities necessary to provide services to those workers employed by essential businesses and essential non-profit entities;
- d. Grocery stores, all food and beverage stores, supermarkets, food banks, farmers' markets and vendors who sell food, convenience stores, and other businesses that generate the majority of their revenue from the sale of canned food, dry goods, fresh fruits and vegetables, pet food, feed, and other animal supply stores, fresh meats, fish, and poultry, and any other household consumer products;
- e. Farms, ranches, and other food cultivation, processing, or packaging operations;
- f. All facilities used by law enforcement personnel, first responders, firefighters, emergency management personnel, and dispatch operators;

- g. Infrastructure operations including, but not limited to, public works construction, commercial and residential construction and maintenance, airport operations, public transportation, airlines, taxis, private transportation providers water, gas, electrical, oil drilling, oil refining, natural resources extraction or mining operations, nuclear material research and enrichment, those attendant to the repair and construction of roads and highways, solid waste collection and removal, trash and recycling collection, processing and disposal, sewer, data and internet providers, data centers, technology support operations, and telecommunications systems;
- h. Manufacturing operations involved in food processing, manufacturing agents, chemicals, fertilizer, pharmaceuticals, sanitary products, household paper products, microelectronics/semi-conductor, primary metals manufacturers, electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturers, and transportation equipment manufacturers;
- i. Services necessary to maintain the safety and sanitation of residences or essential businesses including security services, custodial services, plumbers, electricians, and other skilled trades;
- j. Media services including television, radio, and newspaper operations;
- k. Gas stations, automobile repair facilities, and retailers who generate the majority of their revenue from the sale of automobile repair products;
- l. Hardware stores;
- m. Laundromats and dry cleaner services;
- n. Utilities, including their contractors, suppliers, and supportive operations, engaged in power generation, fuel supply and transmission, water and wastewater supply;
- o. Funeral homes, crematoriums and cemeteries;
- p. Banks, credit unions, insurance providers, payroll services, brokerage services, and investment management firms;
- q. Real estate services including brokers, title companies, and related services.
- r. Businesses providing mailing and shipping services, including post office boxes;
- s. Laboratories and defense and national security-related operations supporting the United States government or a contractor to the United States government;

- t. Restaurants, but only for delivery or carry out and local breweries or distillers but only for carry out;
- u. Professional services, such as legal or accounting services, but only where necessary to assist in compliance with legally mandated activities; and
- v. Logistics and businesses that store, ship or deliver groceries, food, goods or services directly to residences or retailers.

Further Description of Essential Businesses:

"Essential businesses" may remain open provided they minimize their operations and staff to the greatest extent possible. Further, all essential businesses shall, to the greatest extent possible, adhere to social distancing protocol and maintain at least six-foot social distancing from other individuals, avoid person-to-person contact, and direct employees to wash their hands frequently. Further, all essential businesses shall ensure that all surfaces are cleaned routinely.

- All casinos and horse racing facilities shall close during the pendency of this Order. This directive excludes those casinos operating on Tribal lands.

-Hotels, motels, RV parks, and other places of lodging shall not operate at more than fifty percent of maximum occupancy. Health care workers who are engaged in the provision of care to New Mexico residents or individuals utilizing lodging facilities for extended stays or as temporary housing shall not be counted for purposes of determining maximum occupancy.

-All call centers situated in New Mexico are directed to reduce their in-person workforce by 100%.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Unspecified

New Jersey

Date Added or Updated: 3/22/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 107

- **Effective Date:** 3/21/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** <https://nj.gov/infobank/eo/056murphy/pdf/EO-107.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Requires all New Jersey residents to stay at home unless they are performing their job. The brick-and-mortar premises of **all non-essential retail businesses must close** to the public as long as this Order remains in effect.

- Grocery stores, farmer's markets and farms that sell directly to customers, and other food stores, including retailers that offer a varied assortment of foods comparable to what exists at a grocery store;
- Pharmacies and medical marijuana dispensaries;• Medical supply stores;• Gas stations;• Convenience stores;• Ancillary stores within healthcare facilities;• Hardware and home improvement stores;• Banks and other financial institutions;• Laundromats and dry-cleaning services;• Stores that principally sell supplies for children under five years;• Pet stores;• Liquor stores;• Car dealerships, but only for auto maintenance and repair, and auto mechanics;• Printing and office supply shops;• Mail and delivery stores.

All restaurants, cafeterias, dining establishments, and food courts, with or without a liquor license, all bars, and all other holders of a liquor license with retail consumption privileges, are permitted to operate their normal business hours, but are limited to offering only food delivery and/or take-out services in accordance with their existing liquor licenses.

All recreational and entertainment businesses, including but not limited to the following list, must close to the public as long as this Order remains in effect. Casino gaming floors, including retail sports wagering lounges, and casino concert and entertainment venues. Online and mobile sports and casino gaming services may continue to be offered notwithstanding the closure of the physical facility. b. Racetracks, including stabling facilities and retail sports wagering lounges. Mobile sports wagering services may continue to be offered notwithstanding the closure of the physical facility. c. Gyms and fitness centers and classes. d. Entertainment

centers, including but not limited to, movie theaters, performing arts centers, other concert venues, and nightclubs. e. All indoor portions of retail shopping malls. Restaurants and other stores located within shopping malls that have their own external entrances open to the public, separate from the general mall entrance, may remain open pursuant to the terms and directives of this Order for operating hours and takeout or food delivery services. All entrances and exits to the common area portions of retail shopping malls must remain closed. f. All places of public amusement, whether indoors or outdoors, including but not limited to, locations with amusement parks, water parks, aquariums, zoos, arcades, fairs, children's play centers, funplexes, theme parks, bowling alleys, family and children's attractions. g. Facilities where personal care services are performed that, by their very nature, result in Non-Compliance with social distancing guidelines, including but not limited to cosmetology shops; barber shops; beauty salons; hair braiding shops; nail salons; electrology facilities; spas, including day spas and medical spas, at which solely elective and cosmetic medical procedures are performed; massage parlors, tanning salons, tattoo parlors, and public and private social clubs, whether or not they serve alcohol, including but not limited to facilities owned or operated by the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Knights of Columbus, and any other social clubs associated with community service organizations. This excludes any health facilities that provide medically necessary or therapeutic services. h. All municipal, county, and State public libraries, and all libraries and computer labs at public and private colleges and universities.

Nothing in the Order shall limit 1) the provision of health care or medical services; 2) access to essential services for low-income residents, such as food banks; 3) the operations of the media; 4) law enforcement agencies, or 5) the operations of the federal government. All businesses or non-profits, wherever practicable, must accommodate their workforce for telework or work-from-home arrangements. To the extent a business or non-profit has employees that cannot perform their functions via telework or work-from-home arrangements, the business or non-profit should make best efforts to reduce staff on site to the minimal number necessary to ensure that essential operations can continue.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Penalties for violations of this Executive Order may be imposed under, among other statutes, N.J.S.A. App. A:9-49 and 50

New York

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 202.6

- **Effective Date:** 3/22/2020
- **End Date:** 5/15/2020 extended by Executive Order 202.18
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.governor.ny.gov/news/no-2026-continuing-temporary-suspension-and-modification-laws-relating-disaster-emergency>

Essential Businesses

For purposes of Executive Order 202.6, “Essential Business,” means:

1. Essential health care operations including research and laboratory services, hospitals, walk-in-care health facilities, emergency veterinary and livestock services, elder care, medical wholesale and distribution, home health care workers or aides for the elderly, doctor and emergency dental, nursing homes, or residential health care facilities or congregate care facilities, medical supplies and equipment manufacturers and providers

2. Essential infrastructure including utilities including power generation, fuel supply and transmission, public water and wastewater

telecommunications and data centers, airports/airlines, transportation infrastructure such as bus, rail, or for-hire vehicles, garages

hotels, and places of accommodation

3. Essential manufacturing including food processing, manufacturing agents, including all foods and beverages, chemicals, medical equipment/instruments, pharmaceuticals, sanitary products, telecommunications, microelectronics/semi-conductor, agriculture/farms

household paper products

4. Essential retail including grocery stores including all food and beverage stores, pharmacies, convenience stores, farmer’s markets, gas stations, restaurants/bars (but only for take-out/delivery), hardware and building material stores

5. Essential services including trash and recycling collection, processing and disposal, mail and shipping services, laundromats, building cleaning and

maintenance; child care services, auto repair, warehouse/distribution and fulfillment, funeral homes, crematoriums and, cemeteries, storage for essential businesses, animal shelters

6. News media

7. Financial Institutions including banks, insurance, payroll, accounting, services related to financial markets

8. Providers of basic necessities to economically disadvantaged populations including homeless shelters and congregate care facilities, food banks, human services providers whose function includes the direct care of patients in state-licensed or funded voluntary programs; the care, protection, custody and oversight of individuals both in the community and in state-licensed residential facilities; those operating community shelters and other critical human services agencies providing direct care or support

9. Construction including skilled trades such as electricians, plumbers

other related construction firms and professionals for essential infrastructure or for emergency repair and safety purposes

10. Defense-defense and national security-related operations supporting the U.S. Government or a contractor to the US government

11. Essential services necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation and essential operations of residences or other essential businesses including

law enforcement, fire prevention and response, building code enforcement, security, emergency management and response, building, cleaners or janitors, general maintenance whether employed by the entity directly or a vendor, automotive repair, disinfection

12. Vendors that provide essential services or products, including logistics and technology support, child care and services: logistics, technology. support for online services, child care programs and services government owned or leased buildings essential government services

Further Description of Essential Businesses: New York Executive Order 202-7: Effective March 21, 2020 at 8 p.m. and until further notice all businesses and not-for-profit entities in the state shall utilize, to the maximum extent possible, any telecommuting or work from home procedures that they can safely utilize. Each employer shall reduce the in-person workforce at any work locations by 75% no later than March 21 at 8 p.m. Any essential business or entity providing essential services or functions

shall not be subject to the in-person restrictions. Guidance on Essential Businesses is offered at: <https://www.governor.ny.gov/news/governor-cuomo-issues-guidance-essential-services-under-new-york-state-pause-executive-order>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

If the function of your business is not listed above, but you believe that it is essential or it is an entity providing essential services or functions, you may request designation as an essential business at <https://esd.ny.gov/content/request-designation-essential-business-purposes-executive-order-2026>

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

North Carolina

Date Added or Updated: 4/5/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. 121

- **Effective Date:** 3/20/3030
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://files.nc.gov/governor/documents/files/EO121-Stay-at-Home-Order-3.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Businesses operating in CISA identified sectors (link below). Businesses, not-for-profit organizations or educational institutions operating in the federal critical infrastructure sectors as outlined at <https://www.cisa.gov/identifying-critical-infrastructure-during-covid-19> or any subsequent guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and businesses in the following sectors (see text of order for full description): • Healthcare and Public Health Operations • Human Services Operations • Essential Infrastructure Operations • Essential Governmental Operations • Stores that sell groceries and medicine • Food, beverage production and agriculture • Organizations that provide charitable and social services • Religious entities • Media • Gas stations and businesses needed for transportation • Financial and insurance institutions • Home improvement, hardware and supply stores • Critical trades • Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery, and pick-up services • Educational institutions • Laundry services • Restaurants for consumption off-premises • Supplies to work from home • Supplies for COVID-19 Essential Businesses and Operations • Transportation • Home based care and services • Residential facilities and shelters • Professional Services • Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries • Defense and military contractors • Hotels and motels • Funeral Services • Additional Covid-19 Essential Retail Businesses including the following: • Electronic retailers that sell or service cell phones, computers, tablets, and other communications technology; • Lawn and garden equipment retailers; • Book stores that sell educational material; • Beer, wine, and liquor stores • Retail functions of gas stations and convenience stores; • Retail located within healthcare facilities; • Pet and feed stores.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.cisa.gov/publication/guidance-essential-critical-infrastructure-workforce>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

B. A violation of this Executive Order may be subject to prosecution pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 166A-19.30(d), and is punishable as a Class 2 misdemeanor in accordance with N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-288.20A.

North Dakota

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Closure of Non-Essential Businesses Executive Order 2020-06.0

- **Effective Date:** 3/20/2020
- **End Date:** 4/20/2020 - Extended by Executive Order 2020-06.2
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.governor.nd.gov/sites/www/files/documents/executive-orders/Executive%20Order%202020-6.1%20expanded%20business%20closures.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Effective March 20, 2020, All restaurants, bars, breweries, cafes and similar on-site dining establishments are closed for on-site patrons. Takeout, delivery, curbside, and drive through are permitted. All recreational health clubs, athletic facilities and theaters and music and entertainment venues shall cease operations.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

All local, county, and state law enforcement are authorized to enforce this order.

Ohio

Date Added or Updated: 4/5/2020

Executive Order: Director's Stay At Home Order

- **Effective Date:** 3/23/2020
- **End Date:** 5/1/2020 per Amended Director's Stay at Home Order
- **Link to Order:** [Ohio Stay At Home Order](#)

Essential Businesses

Director's Stay At Home Order provides more detail for each of these headings.

1. Healthcare and Public Health Operations
2. Human Services Operations
3. Essential Infrastructure
4. Essential Government Function
5. [CISA List](#)
6. Stores that Sell Groceries and medicine
7. Food, beverage, and licensed marijuana production and agriculture
8. Organizations that provide charitable and social services
9. Religious entities
10. Media
11. First Amendment protected speech
12. Gas Stations and businesses needed for transportation
13. Financial and Insurance institutions
14. Hardware and Supply Stores
15. Critical Trades

16. Mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery, and pick-up services
17. Educational Institutions
18. Laundry Services
19. Restaurants for consumption off premises
20. Supplies to work from home
21. Supplies for essential businesses and operations
22. Transportation
23. Home-based care and services
24. Residential facilities and shelters
25. Professional services
26. Manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical production and industries
27. Critical labor union functions
28. Hotels and motels
29. Funeral services

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
[Ohio Stay At Home Order](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes; but Ohio adds a long list of additional businesses to definition of essential.

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

To the extent any public official enforcing the Order has questions regarding what services are prohibited under this Order, the Director of Health hereby delegates to local health departments the authority to answer questions in writing and consistent with this Order.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This Order may be enforced by State and local law enforcement to the extent set forth in Ohio law.

Oklahoma

Date Added or Updated: 4/19/2020

Executive Order: Closure of Non-Essential Businesses Executive Department Fifth Amended Executive Order 2020-07

- **Effective Date:** 3/24/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 extended by [Executive Order 2020-13](#)
- **Link to Order:** [Oklahoma Closure of Non-essential Businesses](#)

Essential Businesses

All businesses not identified as being within a critical infrastructure sector as defined by the US Department of Homeland Security, and located in a county experiencing community spread of COVID-19, as identified by OSDH on its website, shall close.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.cisa.gov/publication/guidance-essential-critical-infrastructure-workforce>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance: N/A

Oregon

Date Added or Updated: 3/24/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 20-12

- **Effective Date:** 3/23/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** https://govsite-assets.s3.amazonaws.com/jkAULYKcSh6DoDF8wBM0_EO%2020-12.pdf

Essential Businesses

The Executive Order requires closure of certain types of businesses where personal contact is difficult to avoid: amusement parks, aquariums, arcades, art galleries (to the extent they are open without an appointment), barber shops and hair salons, bowling alleys, cosmetic stores, dance studios, esthetician practices, fraternal organization facilities, furniture stores, gyms and fitness studios (including climbing gyms), hookah bars, indoor and outdoor malls (i.e. all portions of a retail complex containing stores and restaurants in a single area, indoor party places, (including jumping gyms and laser tags), jewelry shops and boutiques (unless they provide goods exclusively through pick-up or delivery service), medial spas, facial spas, day spas and non-medical massages therapy services, museums, nail and tanning salons, non-tribal card rooms, skating rinks, senior activity centers, ski resorts, social and private clubs, tattoo and piercing parlors, tennis clubs, theaters, yoga studios and youth clubs.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This executive order is a public health law and may be enforced as permitted under ORS 431A.005, and may be enforced as permitted under ORS 431A.010. Any person found guilty may be subject to penalties described in ORS 401.990

Pennsylvania

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order as amended and extended by Department of Health Order on 3/31/2020

- **Effective Date:** 3/21/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.governor.pa.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/03.23.20-TWW-COVID-19-Stay-at-Home-Order.pdf>

Essential Businesses

No person or entity shall operate a place of business in the Commonwealth that is not a life sustaining business regardless of whether the business is open to members of the public. This prohibition does not apply to virtual or telework operations (e.g., work from home), so long as social distancing and other mitigation measures are followed in such operations.

Life sustaining businesses may remain open, but they must follow, at a minimum, the social distancing practices and other mitigation measures defined by the Centers for Disease Control to protect workers and patrons. See separate list of life sustaining businesses that may remain open.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.scribd.com/document/452553026/UPDATED-5-45pm-March-21-2020-Industry-Operation-Guidance>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Enforcement actions will be taken against non-life sustaining businesses

Rhode Island

Date Added or Updated: 3/30/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 20-14 and 20-15

- **Effective Date:** 3/30/2020
- **End Date:** 4/13/2020
- **Link to Order:** <http://www.governor.ri.gov/documents/orders/Executive-Order-20-14.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Effective Monday, March 30, 2020, all non-critical retail businesses shall cease in-person operations. Critical retail businesses include, but are not limited to, food and beverage stores (e.g., supermarkets, liquor, specialty food, and convenience stores, farmers' markets, food banks and pantries), pharmacies and medical supply stores, compassion centers, pet supply stores, printing shops, mail and delivery stores and operations, gas stations, laundromats, electronics and telecommunications stores, office supply, industrial and agricultural/seafood equipment and supply stores, hardware stores, funeral homes, auto repair and supply, banks and credit unions, firearms stores, healthcare and public safety professional uniform stores, and other stores and businesses identified as critical by the Department of Business Regulation. Restaurants will be permitted to operate only for pickup, drive-through, and delivery in accordance with previous executive orders.

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not stated in Executive Order

South Carolina

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Closure of Non-Essential Businesses Executive Order 2020-18

- **Effective Date:** 5:00 p.m. on 4/1/20
- **End Date:** 4/27/2020 as extended by Executive Order 2020-23
- **Link to Order:** <https://governor.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/Executive-Orders/2020-04-03%20FINAL%20Executive%20Order%20No.%202020-18%20-%20Closure%20of%20Additional%20Non-Essential%20Businesses.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Non-Essential Businesses:

1. Entertainment venues and facilities as follows:

- (a) Night clubs
- (b) Bowling alleys
- (c) Arcades
- (d) Concert venues
- (e) Theaters, auditoriums, and performing arts centers
- (f) Tourist attractions (including museums, aquariums, and planetariums)
- (g) Racetracks
- (h) Indoor children's play areas, with the exception of licensed childcare facilities
- (i) Adult entertainment venues
- (j) Bingo halls
- (k) Venues operated by social clubs

2. Recreational and athletic facilities and activities as follows:

- (a) Fitness and exercise centers and commercial gyms
- (b) Spas and public or commercial swimming pools
- (c) Group exercise facilities, to include yoga, barre, and spin studios or facilities
- (d) Spectator sports
- (e) Sports that involve interaction in close proximity to and within less than six (6) feet of another person
- (f) Activities that require the use of shared sporting apparatus and equipment
- (g) Activities on commercial or public playground equipment

3. Close-contact service providers as follows:

- (a) Barber shops
- (b) Hair salons
- (c) Waxing salons
- (d) Threading salons
- (e) Nail salons and spas
- (f) Body-art facilities and tattoo services
- (g) Tanning salons
- (h) Massage-therapy establishments and massage services

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

<https://www.scdhec.gov/infectious-diseases/viruses/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

An individual or entity may submit requests for clarification or a determination regarding the applicability of this Order to a specific business, venue, facility, service, or activity to the Department using a form provided by the Department, which shall be available for

public access and submission via the Department's website, at www.sccommerce.com. Individuals or entities may also submit questions or requests for clarification to the Department by email to covid19sc@sccommerce.com or by telephone at 803-734-2873.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Any individual who "refuse[s] to disperse upon order of a law enforcement officer," "wilfully fail[s] or refuse[s] to comply with any lawful order or direction of any law enforcement officer," or otherwise violates any provision of any Order issued by the undersigned in connection with the State of Emergency "is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than thirty days."

Tennessee

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. 22

- **Effective Date:** 3/31/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020 as extended by Executive Order No. 27
- **Link to Order:** <https://publications.tnsosfiles.com/pub/execorders/exec-orders-lee22.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Businesses operating in CISA identified sectors (link below). Businesses, not-for-profit organizations or educational institutions operating in the federal critical infrastructure sectors as outlined at <https://www.cisa.gov/identifying-critical-infrastructure-during-covid-19> or any subsequent guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and businesses in the following sectors (see text of order for full description): • Health Care and Public Health Operations • Human Services Operations • Essential Infrastructure Operations • Essential Governmental Operations • Food and Medicine Stores • Food and Beverage Production and Agriculture • Organizations that Provide Charitable and Social Services • Religious and Ceremonial Functions • Media • Gas Stations and Businesses Needed for Transportation • Financial and Insurance Institutions • Hardware and Supply Stores • Critical Trades • Mail, Post, Shipping, Logistics, Delivery, and Pick-up Services • Educational Institutions • Laundry Services • Restaurants for Off-Premises Consumption • Supplies to Work from Home • Supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations • Transportation • Home Based Care and Services • Residential Facilities and Shelters • Professional Services • Manufacturing, Distribution, and Supply Chain for Critical Products and Industries • Hotels and Motels • Funeral Services

- **Links to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** See [Attachment A to Executive Order](#) and [CISA guidelines](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Not addressed in the order

Texas

Date Added or Updated: 4/1/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order No. GA-14

- **Effective Date:** 4/2/2020
- **End Date:** 4/30/2020
- **Link to Order:** [*Texas Essential Business Order*](#)

Essential Businesses

“Essential services” shall consist of everything listed by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security in its [*Guidance*](#) on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce, Version 2.0, plus religious services conducted in churches, congregations, and houses of worship.

Other essential services may be added to this list with the approval of the Texas Division of Emergency Management.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<http://tdem.texas.gov/essentialservices/>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Gov’t Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Requests for additions should be directed to TDEM at EssentialServices@tdem.texas.gov or by visiting www.tdem.texas.gov/essentialservices.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Failure to comply with any executive order issued during the COVID-19 disaster is an offense punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000, confinement in jail for a term not to exceed 180 days, or both fine and confinement.

Vermont

Date Added or Updated: 4/17/2020

Executive Order: Addendum 6 to Executive Order 01-20

- **Effective Date:** 5 p.m. on 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 5/15/2020 as extended by Addendum 9 to Executive Order 01-20
- **Link to Order:**
<https://governor.vermont.gov/sites/scott/files/documents/ADDENDUM%20%20TO%20EXECUTIVE%20ORDER%2001-20.pdf>

Essential Businesses

- a. health care operations such as COVID-19 testing and clinical research, hospital personnel and other healthcare providers, public health workers and other healthcare service providers, laboratory services, caregivers, logistics, technology, security and custodial support, blood and plasma donors and mortuary services;
- b. law enforcement, public safety and first responders, including fire, ambulance services, emergency medical technicians and emergency management personnel;
- c. critical infrastructure including utilities, telecommunication, airports and transportation infrastructure;
- d. construction necessary to support the COVID-19 response and maintain critical infrastructure;
- e. critical manufacturing, including food and animal feed manufacturing, processing and supply, pharmaceuticals and other manufacturing necessary to support the COVID-19 response as well as economic and national security;
- f. retail serving basic human needs such as grocery stores, pharmacies, other retail that sells food, beverage, animal feed and essential supplies, provided, these retail operations shall be conducted through on-line and telephone orders for delivery and curbside pickup to the extent possible;
- g. fuel products and supply;
- h. hardware stores, provided, these retail operations shall be conducted through online and telephone orders for delivery and curbside pickup to the extent possible;

- i. transportation sector and agricultural sector equipment parts, repair and maintenance, provided these retail operations shall be conducted through on-line and telephone orders for delivery and curbside pickup to the extent possible;
- j. trash collection and disposal, recycling and operations and maintenance of drinking water and wastewater/drainage infrastructure;
- k. agriculture and farms, animal shelters, production and delivery of seed, chemicals and fertilizers, CSAs and veterinarians;
- l. lodging, to the extent required to support COVID-19 response, critical infrastructure and national security;
- m. other building and property services for the safety, sanitation and operations of residences or other businesses;
- n. mail and shipping services;
- o. news media;
- p. banks and related financial institutions, provided, however, routine retail banking operations shall be limited to transactions conducted through automated teller machines, drive-through services and online and telephone services;
- q. providers of necessities and services to economically disadvantaged populations; and
- r. other vendors of technical, security, logistics, custodial and equipment repair and maintenance services necessary to support the COVID-19 response, critical infrastructure and national security.

▪ **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**

<https://governor.vermont.gov/sites/scott/files/documents/ADDENDUM%206%20TO%20EXECUTIVE%20ORDER%2001-20.pdf>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Gov't Opinion of Qualification as Essential Business

Other businesses may be determined to be critical to public health and safety, as well as economic and national security after requesting an opinion from ACCD

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

N/A

Virginia

Date Added or Updated: 3/31/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order Fifty-Five (2020)

- **Effective Date:** 11:59 p.m. on 3/24/20
- **End Date:** 11:59 p.m. on 6/10/20
- **Link to Order:** [*Executive Order Fifty-Five \(stay-at-home\)*](#)

Essential Businesses

[*Executive Order Fifty-Three*](#)

The Executive Order only covers (1) recreation and entertainment businesses, (2) brick and mortar non-essential retail businesses, and (3) restaurants, dining establishments, food courts, breweries, microbreweries, distilleries, wineries, tasting rooms, and farmers markets.

Nothing in the Executive Order impacts business sectors that are not explicitly listed.

Non-essential Recreational and Entertainment businesses:

- Theaters, performing arts centers, concert venues, museums, and other indoor entertainment centers;
- Fitness centers, gymnasiums, recreation centers, indoor sports facilities, indoor exercise facilities;
- Beauty salons, barber shops, spas, massage parlors, tanning salons, tattoo shops, and any other location where personal care or personal grooming services are performed that would not allow compliance with social distancing guidelines to remain six feet apart;
- Racetracks and historic horse racing facilities;
- Bowling alleys, skating rinks, arcades, amusement parks, trampoline parks, fairs, arts and craft facilities, aquariums, zoos, escape rooms, indoor shooting ranges, public and private social clubs, and all other places of indoor public amusement.

Non-essential Dining and On-Site Alcohol Establishments (delivery/takeout only):

- Restaurants;

- Dining establishments;
- Food courts;
- Farmers markets;
- Breweries;
- Microbreweries;
- Distilleries;
- Wineries; and
- Tasting rooms.

Essential Retail Business:

- Grocery stores, pharmacies, and other retailers that sell food and beverage products or pharmacy products, including dollar stores, and department stores with grocery or pharmacy operations;
- Medical, laboratory, and vision supply retailers;
- Electronic retailers that sell or service cell phones, computers, tablets, and other communications technology;
- Automotive parts, accessories, and tire retailers as well as automotive repair facilities;
- Home improvement, hardware, building material, and building supply retailers;
- Lawn and garden equipment retailers;
- Beer, wine, and liquor stores;
- Retail functions of gas stations and convenience stores;
- Retail located within healthcare facilities;
- Banks and other financial institutions with retail functions;
- Pet stores and feed stores;
- Printing and office supply stores; and
- Laundromats and dry cleaners.

Any brick-and-mortar retail business not listed above must limit all in-person shopping to no more than 10 patrons per establishment, adhere to social distancing recommendations, sanitize common surfaces, and apply relevant workplace guidance from state and federal authorities. If any such business cannot adhere to the 10-patron limit with proper social distancing requirements, it must close.

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
[*FAQ for Executive Order Fifty-Three \(essential businesses\)*](#)

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

Violation of the Order shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor pursuant to § 44-146.17 of the Code of Virginia.

Washington

Date Added or Updated: 4/4/2020

Executive Order: Proclamation by Governor 20-25

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 5/4/2020 extended by Proclamation By the Governor 20-25.1
- **Link to Order:** <https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/proclamations/20-25%20Coronavirus%20Stay%20Safe-Stay%20Healthy%20%28tmp%29%20%28002%29.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Effective midnight on March 25, 2020, all non-essential businesses in Washington State shall cease operations except for performing basic minimum operations. All essential businesses are encouraged to remain open and maintain operations, but must establish and implement social distancing and sanitation measures established by the United States Department of Labor or the Washington State Department of Health Guidelines. Non-essential businesses are strongly encouraged to immediately cease operations other than performance of basic minimum operations, but must do so no later than midnight on March 25, 2020. For purposes of this Proclamation, minimum basic operations are the minimum activities necessary to maintain the value of the business' inventory, preserve the condition of the business' physical plant and equipment, ensure security, process payroll and employee benefits, facilitate employees of the business being able to continue to work remotely from their residences, and related functions

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
<https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/WA%20Essential%20Critical%20Infrastucture%20Workers%20%28Final%29.pdf>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business:

To clarify status, or to petition to be added to this list, please email: business@mil.wa.gov.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

West Virginia

Date Added or Updated: 3/24/2020

Executive Order: Executive Order 9-20

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** In effect until revoked
- **Link to Order:** <https://westvirginia.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/SGovernors20032313590.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Essential business and operations (full details are available in the Executive Order)

- Health care - Hospitals-Clinics- Doctor's offices- Other medical practices including dental and eye care Pharmacies and over-the-counter drug retailers - Substance use disorder and mental health services-Home-based health and care providers -Medical goods suppliers including eyewear and contact lens providers - Organizations collecting blood, blood products and other needed materials Health insurance providers and managed care organizations
- Food-Grocery stores -Convenience stores -Take-out and delivery restaurants - Farmers markets -Food bank and food pantries- Take-out and delivery meal services, including school-based - Agricultural operations -Providers of livestock, seafood, baked goods and other food sources Livestock, farming and other agricultural feed and supply businesses
- Housing- Hotels and motels - Nursing homes and other long-term care facilities - Residential facilities for people with intellectual or developmental disabilities - Inpatient mental health and substance use disorder facilities-Shelters for adults, seniors and children
- Animal shelters, kennels and rescue centers
- Public safety- Police stations -Fire stations -Ambulance services- 911 and emergency dispatch centers Correctional facilities and operations- Hazardous materials responders
- Essential government functions- Legislative function- Judicial functions -Programs and services that support essential operations and functions -Hotlines or helplines, including for Medicaid, SNAP benefits, etc. Contacted services in support of government operations

- Human services- Child protection and child welfare organizations- Day care centers and homes -Social services agencies and organizations
 - Transportation- Gas stations-Public transit Road, rail and air services, Shipping and delivery services- Vehicle rental services- Taxi and rideshare providers such as Uber and Lyft- Auto dealers and repair services
 - Essential infrastructureo Utilities including water, sewer, and natural gas- Coal-fired and other means of electrical generation- Coal mining and production or distribution of other raw materials including oil and natural gas Hardware and supply stores o Businesses that manufacture, produce, prepare, build, store, sell and distribute the materials and facilities needed to respond to this public health emergency- Building, construction and other trades that support essential infrastructure -Communications infrastructure and services, including media
 - Cyber and other security operations and services- Flood control and solid waste, recycling and sanitation collection and removal
 - Financial institutions- Banks and credit unions -ATM services- Lending services- Insurance providers-Financial support services including appraisers, title companies and underwriters
 - Other -Schools and other educational institutions providing distance learning- Places of worship- Funeral homes and related services
 - Legal, accounting and other professional services
 - Laundromats, dry cleaners and laundry services
 - Outdoor public spaces including parks and trails not specifically closed by executive order
- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:** <https://dhhr.wv.gov/COVID-19/Pages/Governor-Issues-Stay-at-Home-Order.aspx>

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? No

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business: N/A

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

The enforcement of this law will be by local law enforcement and local regulatory agencies and licensing bodies.

Wisconsin

Date Added or Updated: 3/24/2020

Executive Order: Emergency Order #12 Safe at Home Order

- **Effective Date:** 3/25/2020
- **End Date:** 4/24/2020
- **Link to Order:** <https://governor.maryland.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Gatherings-THIRD-AMENDED-3.23.20.pdf>

Essential Businesses

Essential Businesses and Operations means Healthcare and Public Health Operations, Human Services Operations, Essential Infrastructure, and Essential Governmental Functions, and the following: (see full text of order for more information): CISA List (linked below), stores that sell groceries and medicine, food and beverage production, transport and agriculture, restaurants only for take out and delivery services, bars only for carryout sales of alcohol if permitted by state law and municipal ordinance, child care settings, organizations that provide charitable and social services, weddings and funerals (and religious entities) except that any gathering shall include fewer than 10 people in a room or confined space at a time, funeral establishments except that any gathering shall include fewer than 10 people in a room, media, gas stations and businesses need for transportation, financial institutions and services, hardware and supply stores, critical trades, mail, post, shipping, logistics, delivery and pick-up services, laundry services, supplies to work from home, supplies for Essential Businesses and Operations and Essential Government Functions, transportation, home based care and services, professional services, manufacture, distribution, and supply chain for critical products and industries, critical labor union functions, hotels and motels, higher education institutions, and WEDC designated businesses

- **Link to Further Description of Essential Businesses:**
https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA_Guidance_on_the_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workforce_Version_2.0_Updated.pdf

Does State Incorporate Federal Guidelines? Yes

Additional Information Regarding Definition of Essential Business

In the exceptional circumstance that a business is not listed in this Order as an Essential Business or Operations but believes that it should be included in that designation, the business should consult the information page on the Wisconsin Economic Development

Corporation (WEDC) website, here: www.wedc.org/essentialbusiness. If a business still believes that it does not fall within the meaning of Essential Businesses and Operations, it may apply to the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) using the provided form requesting designation as such.

Potential Ramifications of Non-Compliance

This Order is enforceable by any local law enforcement official, including county sheriffs. Violation or obstruction of this Order is punishable by up to 30 days imprisonment, or up to \$250 fine, or both. Wis. Stat. § 252.25